Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9		Revision Date 28.02.2023	Print Date 25.05.2023	
1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION				
Product name	:	Shell Corena S4 R 46		
Product code	:	001D7786		
Manufacturer or supplier's d				
Supplier	:	Shell Singapore Pte. Ltd. (196000089G)		
		The Metropolis Tower 1, 9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01		
		Singapore 138588 Singapore		
Telephone	:	(+65) 62632975		
Telefax	:	(+65) 62632049		
Emergency telephone number	:	+65 6263 2975		
Contact for Safety Data Sheet	:	If you have any enquiries about the concerning please email lubricantSDS@shell.con		
Recommended use of the ch	Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use			
Recommended use	:	Compressor oil.		

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	:
	Prevention: No precautionary phrases.
	Response: No precautionary phrases.

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9

Revision Date 28.02.2023

Print Date 25.05.2023

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature

: Blend of polyolefins and additives.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Dialkyl dithiophosphate ester	268567-32-4	Skin Sens.1B; H317 Eye Dam.1; H318	0.1 - 0.9
(4- nonylphenoxy)acetic acid	3115-49-9	Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Corr.1B; H314 Skin Sens.1A; H317 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0.01 - 0.099
Alkaryl amine	68411-46-1	Repr.2: H361	1 - 2.9

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities
÷	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
in initialed	If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9	Revision Date 28.02.2023 are swallowed, however, get med	Print Date 25.05.2023 dical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sym of black pustules and spots on th Ingestion may result in nausea, v	he skin of exposed areas.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ens appropriate personal protective e incident, injury and surroundings	equipment according to the
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.	

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9	Revision Date 28.02.2023 Print Date 25.05.2023
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	 For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	: Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Storage	
Other data	 Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9

Revision Date 28.02.2023

Print Date 25.05.2023

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated	
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.],

Shell Corena S4 R 46

rsion 1.9 Personal protective equipn		sion Date 28.02.2023	Print Date 25.05.202
Protective measures			
Personal protective equipme PPE suppliers.	nt (PPE) sł	nould meet recommended na	ational standards. Check wit
Respiratory protection	condi In acc preca If eng conce health speci Chec Wher appro Selec	spiratory protection is ordina- tions of use. cordance with good industria- nutions should be taken to av- jineering controls do not mai- entrations to a level which is n, select respiratory protection fic conditions of use and me k with respiratory protective e air-filtering respirators are opriate combination of mask at a filter suitable for the com- apours and particles [Type / F)].	al hygiene practices, void breathing of material. intain airborne adequate to protect worker on equipment suitable for the eting relevant legislation. equipment suppliers. suitable, select an and filter. bination of organic gases
Hand protection			
Remarks	glove US: F suitab glove usage resist from replac care. glove	e hand contact with the proc s approved to relevant stand 739) made from the followin ble chemical protection. PVC s Suitability and durability of e, e.g. frequency and duratic ance of glove material, dext glove suppliers. Contaminat ced. Personal hygiene is a k Gloves must only be worn of s, hands should be washed cation of a non-perfumed mo	dards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ng materials may provide C, neoprene or nitrile rubber f a glove is dependent on on of contact, chemical erity. Always seek advice ed gloves should be ey element of effective han on clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
	break for > - short- recog may r time r and ro a goo deper Glove	ontinuous contact we recom through time of more than 2 480 minutes where suitable term/splash protection we re nize that suitable gloves offen to be available and in this con maybe acceptable so long as eplacement regimes are follo of predictor of glove resistant indent on the exact composite thickness should be typical anding on the glove make and	40 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same but ering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough s appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is not ice to a chemical as it is ion of the glove material. Ily greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection		terial is handled such that it ctive eyewear is recommend	
Skin and body protection	work	protection is not ordinarily re clothes. ood practice to wear chemic	

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9	Revision Date 28.02.2023	Print Date 25.05.2023
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure	e controls	
General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfil relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment b Section 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. V treated in a municipal or industrial v before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour. 	egislation. Avoid by following advice given in ndissolved material from Vaste water should be waste water treatment plant for volatile substances

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: light brown
Odour	: Data not available
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -45 °C / -49 °F Method: ISO 3016
Melting / freezing point	Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	: 230 °C / 446 °F Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	: Not classified as flammable but will burn.
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	: >5
Relative density	: 0.843 (15 °C / 59 °F)

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9	Revision Date 28.02.2023	Print Date 25.05.2023
Density	: 843 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar p	roducts)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 46 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
	7.7 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity Particle size	: This material is not expected to be : Data not available	a static accumulator.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9	Revision Date 28.02.2023	Print Date 25.05.2023
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMAT	ION	
Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data the toxicology of similar products. the data presented is representation whole, rather than for individual co	Unless indicated otherwise, ve of the product as a
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact are the prima although exposure may occur follo	
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the class	ification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data are not met.	ι, the classification criteria
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the class	ification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Dialkyl dithiophosphate ester:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

(4-nonylphenoxy)acetic acid:

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9

Revision Date 28.02.2023

Print Date 25.05.2023

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
Dialkyl dithiophosphate ester	No carcinogenicity classification.	
(4-nonylphenoxy)acetic acid	No carcinogenicity classification.	
Alkaryl amine	No carcinogenicity classification.	

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

10 / 15

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9 Revision Date 28.02.2023 Print Date 25.05.2023
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Product:

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Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Components:</u> (4-nonylphenoxy)acetic acid	:

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) : 1 aquatic hazard)

Persistence and degradability

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Version 1.9	Revision Date 28.02.2023	Print Date 25.05.2023
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradal inherently biodegradable, but con persist in the environment.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components v bioaccumulate.	with the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on products)	information on similar
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most envir enters soil, it will adsorb to soil pa mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion prozone creation potential or global is a mixture of non-volatile compore released to air in any significant q conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes programisms. 	warming potential., Product onents, which will not be juantities under normal

Disposal methods

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be

Shell Corena S4 R 46

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Version 1.9	Revision Date 28.02.2023 established beforehand.	Print Date 25.05.2023
	MARPOL - see International Convention Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) w technical aspects at controlling pollution	which provides
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing re- to a recognized collector or contractor. the collector or contractor should be est Disposal should be in accordance with a national, and local laws and regulations	The competence of ablished beforehand. applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks :	Disposal should be in accordance with a national, and local laws and regulations	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Local Regulations

Workplace Safety and Health Act & Workplace Safety and Health (General Provision) Regulations	This product is not subject to the requirements in the Act/Regulations.
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Fire Safety Act and Fire Safety (Petroleum &	This product is not subject to the requirements

Shell Corena S4 R 46

ersion 1.9	Revision Date	28.02.2023	Print Date 25.05.2023
Flammable Materials) Regulations		in the Act/Regulations	
Maritime and Port Authority of Sing (Dangerous Goods, Petroleum and Regulations		This product is not sub in the Act/Regulations	oject to the requirements
Environmental Protection and Man and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substand Regulations	U	This product is not su Act/ Regulation.	bject to control under this
The regulatory information is not in this material.	ntended to be o	comprehensive. Other re	egulations may apply to

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA

: All components listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.			
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.			
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
H318	Causes serious eye damage.			
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.			
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.			
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Full text of other abbreviations				
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity			
A superior A surta	Ob ant tanna (a suite) a suistia b a suit			

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory

Shell Corena S4 R 46

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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