Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

rsion 2.6	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
CTION 1. PRODUCT AND (COMPANY IDENTIFICATION	
Product name	: Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)	
Product code	: 001F2715	
Manufacturar an annalia		
Manufacturer or supplier Supplier	 's details Viva Energy Australia Pty Ltd (Formerly: The Shell Company of (ABN 46 004 610 459) 720 Bourke Street Docklands Victoria 3008 Australia 	Australia)
Telephone Telefax	: +61 (0)3 8823 4444 : +61 (0)3 8823 4800	
Emergency telephone number	: 1800 651 818 (Australia). ; POISC CENTRE: 13 11 26 (Australia).	ONS INFORMATION
Recommended use of the	e chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Transmission oil.	

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification	
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	: Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	Response: No precautionary phrases.

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

Version 2.6

Revision Date 14.10.2022

Print Date 15.10.2022

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).
	:	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8, 64741-88-4,

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90
Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide	67124-09-8	Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0.25 - 1.5
Ethoxylated amine	61791-44-4	Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Corr.1B; H314 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0.1 - 0.9

64741-89-5.

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

Version 2.6	Revision Date 14.10.2022 Print D	ate 15.10.2022
SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASUR		
If inhaled	No treatment necessary under normal condition If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	s of use.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed water and follow by washing with soap if availab If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical atter 	ole.
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to crinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical atternation 	
If swallowed	In general no treatment is necessary unless larg are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	je quantities
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	 Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may inc of black pustules and spots on the skin of expos Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or 	ed areas.
Protection of first-aiders	When administering first aid, ensure that you are appropriate personal protective equipment acco incident, injury and surroundings.	
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

Version 2.6	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
	relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN4	69).
Hazchem Code	: NONE	
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEA	ASE MEASURES	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
Environmental precautions	: Local authorities should be advised if s cannot be contained.	ignificant spillages
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, of Prevent from spreading by making a ba or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorber Soak up residue with an absorbent suc suitable material and dispose of proper	arrier with sand, earth ent. ch as clay, sand or other
Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of personal see Section 8 of this Safety Data Shee For guidance on disposal of spilled ma this Safety Data Sheet.	it.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact :	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer :	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Storage	
Other data :	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.

Version 2.6	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers of steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	r container linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not temperatures because of possible	

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	AU OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminant s.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

ersion 2.6	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
Engineering measures	: The level of protection and types of vary depending upon potential exp controls based on a risk assessme Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airt	posure conditions. Select ent of local circumstances.
	Where material is heated, sprayed greater potential for airborne conc	
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handlin controls. Educate and train workers in the h measures relevant to normal active product. Ensure appropriate selection, testi equipment used to control exposu equipment, local exhaust ventilation Drain down system prior to equipm maintenance.	nazards and control ities associated with this ing and maintenance of re, e.g. personal protective on.
	Retain drain downs in sealed stora subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hy washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routine protective equipment to remove co contaminated clothing and footwea Practice good housekeeping.	giene measures, such as material and before eating, ely wash work clothing and pontaminants. Discard
Personal protective equipme	nt	
Protective measures		
Personal protective equipment	(PPE) should meet recommended na	tional standards Check with

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection	:	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374,

Version 2.6		Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
		US: F739) made from the followin suitable chemical protection. PVC gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and duratio resistance of glove material, dexte from glove suppliers. Contaminate replaced. Personal hygiene is a k care. Gloves must only be worn o gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed mo	, neoprene or nitrile rubber a glove is dependent on n of contact, chemical erity. Always seek advice ed gloves should be ey element of effective hand n clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
		For continuous contact we recomposed breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable is short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this contine maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are folled a good predictor of glove resistant dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typical depending on the glove make and	40 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same but ering this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is not ce to a chemical as it is on of the glove material. by greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it of protective eyewear is recommend	
Skin and body protection	:	Skin protection is not ordinarily re- work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemic	
Thermal hazards	:	Not applicable	
Environmental exposure co	ontro	bls	
General advice	:	Take appropriate measures to full relevant environmental protection contamination of the environment Section 6. If necessary, prevent u being discharged to waste water, treated in a municipal or industrial before discharge to surface water Local guidelines on emission limit must be observed for the discharge vapour.	legislation. Avoid by following advice given in indissolved material from Waste water should be waste water treatment plant s for volatile substances
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Appearance	:	liquid	
Colour	:	amber	
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available	

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

sion 2.6 pH	Revision Date 14.10.2022 : Not applicable	Print Date 15.10.2
pour point	: -15 °C / 5 °F	
	Method: ASTM D97	
Melting point/freezing point	Data not available	
pour point	-15 °C / 5 °F Method: ISO 3016	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated va	alue(s)
Flash point	: 260 °C / 500 °F Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable	
Flammability (liquids)	: Not classified as flammable be	ut will burn.
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.904 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 904 kg/m3 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
	904 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D1298	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on simi	lar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

Version 2.6 Viscosity, kinematic	Revision Date 14.10.2022 : 22.8 - 25.2 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D3104	Print Date 15.10.2022
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity Particle size	: This material is not expected to be a : Data not available	static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Exposure routes	: Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity	
Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	 LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Version 2.6	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
Acute dermal toxicity :	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classificati	on criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

	Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
--	----------	--

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

Ver	sion 2.6	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
	Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.	

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
----------------------	---

Ecotoxicity

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

/ersion 2.6 Product:	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 Harmful	mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 Harmful	mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 Harmful	mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10	- <=100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10	- <=100 mg/l
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10	- <=100 mg/l
<u>Components:</u> Substituted hydrocarbyl sulf	hide :	
M-Factor (Short-term (acute)	: 1	
aquatic hazard) M-Factor (Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard) Ethoxylated amine :	: 1	
M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard)	: 10	
M-Factor (Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard)	: 1	
ersistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability		adable., Major constituents are contains components that may
ioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains compone bioaccumulate.	nts with the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based products)	d on information on similar
lobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most Adsorbs to soil and has low n Remarks: Floats on water.	

Version 2.6 Other adverse effects	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion potentia ozone creation potential or global warm is a mixture of non-volatile components released to air in any significant quantit conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physic organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxic organisms at concentrations less than a 	ning potential., Product s, which will not be ties under normal al fouling of aquatic city to aquatic

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	 Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.
	MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

Version 2.6

Revision Date 14.10.2022

Print Date 15.10.2022

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

ADG Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform : No poison schedule number allocated Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared as per national model code of practice for preparation of safety data sheet for Hazardous chemicals 2020 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 7.

National Model Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (2011).

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	: Not established.
TSCA	: All components listed.
AIIC	: Listed introduction

Version 2.6

Revision Date 14.10.2022

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Full text of other abbreviations		

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Date of preparation or review : 14.10.2022

Spirax S5 CFD M 60 (Fine)

Version 2.6	Revision Date 14.10.2022	Print Date 15.10.2022
Further information Training advice	: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for	
	operators.	
Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin from the previous version.	indicates an amendment
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

AU / EN