Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION | | | | | | | |
| Product name | : Shell Alexia 100 | | | | | | |
| Product code | : 001H3830 | | | | | | |
| Manufacturer or supp | | | | | | | |
| Supplier | : Viva Energy Aus (Formerly: The S (ABN 46 004 610 720 Bourke Stree Docklands Victoria 3008 Australia | Shell Company of Australia) 0 459) | | | | | |
| Telephone Telefax | : +61 (0)3 8823 4 : +61 (0)3 8823 4 | | | | | | |
| Emergency telephone number | : 1800 651 818 (A ;POISONS INF(| ustralia). ORMATION CENTRE: 13 11 26 (Australia). | | | | | |
| Recommended use of | the chemical and restrict | ions on use | | | | | |
| Recommended use | : Engine oil. | | | | | | |
| Restrictions on use | | st not be used in applications other than those 1 without first seeking the advice of the | | | | | |

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements

| Hazard pictograms | : No Hazard Symbol required |
|-------------------|--|
| Signal word | : No signal word |
| Hazard statements | PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria. |

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Precautionary statements | : Prevention: No precautionary phr Response: No precautionary phr Storage: No precautionary phr Disposal: No precautionary phr | ases. ases. |
| | | |

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

| Chemical nature | : | Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L). |
|-----------------|---|--|
| | : | * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8, 64741-88-4, |

Components

| Chemical name | CAS-No. | Classification | Concentration (% w/w) |
|--|--------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Interchangeable low viscosity base oil | Not Assigned | Asp. Tox.1; H304 | 0 - 90 |

64741-89-5.

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | e Print Da | ate 18.03.2025 | |
|---|-----------------------------|--|----------------|--|
| (<20,5 cSt @40°C) * | | | | |
| Overbased sulphurised calcium phenate | 220794-90-1 | Aquatic Chronic4; H413 | 1 - 3 | |
| Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts | 68855-45-8 | Aquatic Chronic4; H413 | 0-3 | |
| Alkylphenol | 27193-86-8 | Skin Corr.1C; H314 Eye Dam.1; H318 Repr.1B; H360 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 | 0.1 - 0.24 | |

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

| If inhaled | : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. |
|---|--|
| In case of skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. |
| In case of eye contact | Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. |
| If swallowed | : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. |
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. |

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing | : | Do not use water in a jet. |

Shell Alexia 100

| sion 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|---|--|--|
| media | | |
| Specific hazards during firefighting | A complex r gases (smol Carbon mor occurs. | combustion products may include: nixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and ke). noxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion organic and inorganic compounds. |
| Specific extinguishing methods | | ishing measures that are appropriate to local es and the surrounding environment. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | gloves are to large contac Breathing A a confined s | ective equipment including chemical resistant o be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if et with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained pparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in pace. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to ndards (e.g. Europe: EN469). |
| Hazchem Code | : NONE | |
| TION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELI | EASE MEASURE | S |
| Personal precautions, | | ct with skin and eyes. |
| protective equipment and emergency procedures | | |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent from | riate containment to prevent uncontrolled release. n spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by earth, or other appropriate barriers. |
| | | |
| | Local author cannot be c | rities should be advised if significant spillages ontained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | cannot be constructed construc | |

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| General Precautions | : | Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | | vapours, mists or aerosols. |

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| | assessment of lo | tion in this data sheet as input to a risk local circumstances to help determine rols for safe handling, storage and disposal of |
| Advice on safe handling | Avoid inhaling va When handling p worn and proper Properly dispose | or repeated contact with skin. apour and/or mists. product in drums, safety footwear should be handling equipment should be used. e of any contaminated rags or cleaning er to prevent fires. |
| Avoidance of contact | : Strong oxidising | agents. |
| Product Transfer | | g and bonding procedures should be used ansfer operations to avoid static accumulation. |
| Storage | | |
| Other data | place. | ightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated eled and closable containers. |
| | Store at ambient | temperature. |
| Packaging material | | l: For containers or container linings, use mild sity polyethylene. rial: PVC. |
| Container Advice | | ntainers should not be exposed to high cause of possible risk of distortion. |

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | AU OEL |
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminant s. |
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | OSHA Z-1 |
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Inhalable particulate | 5 mg/m3 | ACGIH |

Shell Alexia 100

| evision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| matter) | | |

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

| Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. General Information Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. | Engineering measures | The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. |
|---|----------------------|---|
| Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard | | |
| Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard | | General Information |
| measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard | | Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of |
| equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard | | measures relevant to normal activities associated with this |
| Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard | | equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective |
| Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard | | |
| washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard | | Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. |
| Practice good housekeeping. | | washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. |

Shell Alexia 100

| ersion 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Personal protective | equipment | |
| Protective measures | , daibine in | |
| | quipment (PPE) should meet | recommended national standards. Check with |
| Respiratory protection | conditions of use In accordance w precautions shou If engineering co concentrations to health, select res specific condition Check with resp Where air-filterin appropriate com Select a filter su | rotection is ordinarily required under normal e. with good industrial hygiene practices, uld be taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne o a level which is adequate to protect worker spiratory protection equipment suitable for th ns of use and meeting relevant legislation. iratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an bination of mask and filter. itable for the combination of organic gases d particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65° |
| Hand protection Remarks | gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemica gloves Suitability usage, e.g. frequ resistance of glo from glove supp replaced. Persor care. Gloves mu gloves, hands sh | tact with the product may occur the use of to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber y and durability of a glove is dependent on uency and duration of contact, chemical we material, dexterity. Always seek advice liers. Contaminated gloves should be nal hygiene is a key element of effective han ust only be worn on clean hands. After using nould be washed and dried thoroughly. non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. |
| | breakthrough tin for > 480 minute short-term/splas recognize that so may not be avail time maybe acce and replacemen a good predictor dependent on th Glove thickness | contact we recommend gloves with ne of more than 240 minutes with preference is where suitable gloves can be identified. For h protection we recommend the same but uitable gloves offering this level of protection lable and in this case a lower breakthrough eptable so long as appropriate maintenance t regimes are followed. Glove thickness is no of glove resistance to a chemical as it is e exact composition of the glove material. should be typically greater than 0.35 mm e glove make and model. |
| Eye protection | | Idled such that it could be splashed into eyes ear is recommended. |

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Skin and body protection | work clothes. | is not ordinarily required beyond standard ce to wear chemical resistant gloves. |
| Thermal hazards | : Not applicable | |
| Environmental exposure | controls | |
| General advice | relevant enviror contamination of Section 6. If ne being discharge treated in a mur before discharg Local guidelines | e measures to fulfill the requirements of mental protection legislation. Avoid f the environment by following advice given in cessary, prevent undissolved material from d to waste water. Waste water should be nicipal or industrial waste water treatment plant e to surface water. s on emission limits for volatile substances ed for the discharge of exhaust air containing |

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | : | Liquid at room temperature. |
|---|---|---|
| Colour | : | amber |
| Odour | : | Data not available |
| Odour Threshold | : | Data not available |
| рН | : | Not applicable |
| Pour point | : | <= -6 °C / <= 21 °F Method: DIN ISO 3016 |
| Melting / freezing point | | Data not available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s) |
| Flash point | : | 264 °C / 507 °F Method: EN ISO 2592 |
| Evaporation rate | : | Data not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not applicable |
| Flammability (liquids) | : | Not classified as flammable but will burn. |
| Upper explosion limit | : | Typical 10 %(V) |
| Lower explosion limit | : | Typical 1 %(V) |
| Vapour pressure | : | < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) |

Shell Alexia 100

| ersion 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | estimated value | (s) | |
| Relative vapour density | : >5 | | |
| Relative density | : 0.949 (15.0 °C / | ′ 59.0 °F) | |
| Density | : 949 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: DIN EN | | |
| Solubility(ies) | | | |
| Water solubility | : negligible | | |
| Solubility in other solvents | : Data not availat | ble | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : log Pow: > 6 (based on inforr | nation on similar products) | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : > 320 °C / 608 ° | °F | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Data not availat | ble | |
| Viscosity | | | |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : Data not availat | ble | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : 18.5 mm2/s (10 Method: ASTM | | |
| | | | |
| Particle characteristics Particle size | : Data not availat | ble | |
| Explosive properties | : Classification C | ode: Not classified | |
| Oxidizing properties | : Data not availat | ble | |
| Conductivity | : This material is | not expected to be a static accumulator. | |

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | : The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph. | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Chemical stability | : Stable. | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Reacts with strong oxidising agents. | |
| Conditions to avoid | : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. | |

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Incompatible materials | : Strong oxidising agen | ts. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : No decomposition if s | tored and applied as directed. |

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Basis for assessment | : Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). |
|---------------------------|---|
| Exposure routes | : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion. |
| Acute toxicity | |
| Product: | |
| Acute oral toxicity | : LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

10 / 17

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Germ cell mutagenicity | | | |
| Product: | | | |
| | | nutagenic, Based on available data, the eria are not met. | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | |

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

| Material | GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification |
|----------------------------|--|
| Highly refined mineral oil | No carcinogenicity classification. |

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Shell Alexia 100

| ersion 1.6 | evision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|---|--|--|
| concentration of such impuritie | s will depend on use | that have accumulated during use. The and they may present risks to health and the andled with caution and skin contact avoided |
| Remarks: Continuous contact | with used engine oils | has caused skin cancer in animal tests. |
| Remarks: Slightly irritating to r | espiratory system. | |
| | | |
| ECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFO | RMATION | |
| Basis for assessment | for this product. Information giver and the ecotoxic Unless indicated | data have not been determined specifically is based on a knowledge of the components ology of similar products. otherwise, the data presented is the product as a whole, rather than for nent(s). |
| otoxicity | | |
| Product: | | |
| Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) | : Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to LL/EL/IL50 > 100 | |
| Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) | : Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to LL/EL/IL50 > 100 | |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) | : Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to LL/EL/IL50 > 100 | |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | : Remarks: Based are not met. | on available data, the classification criteria |
| Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) | : Remarks: Based are not met. | on available data, the classification criteria |
| Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) | : Remarks: Based are not met. | on available data, the classification criteria |

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|--|---|--|
| <u>Components:</u> Alkylphenol : | | |
| M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard) M-Factor (Long-term |) : 10 : 10 | |
| (chronic) aquatic hazard) | . 10 | |
| Persistence and degradability | | |
| Product: | | |
| Biodegradability | inherently b persist in the Internationa definition: "/ shipment, c of which, by and (b) at le temperature | ot readily biodegradable., Major constituents are iodegradable, but contains components that may e environment., Persistent per IMO criteria., I Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of onsists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) ast 95% of which, by volume, distils at a e of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM 6/78 or any subsequent revision thereof." |
| Bioaccumulative potential | | |
| Product: | | |
| Bioaccumulation | : Remarks: C bioaccumula | ontains components with the potential to ate. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : log Pow: > 6 products) | Remarks: (based on information on similar |
| Mobility in soil | | |
| Product: | | |
| Mobility | enters soil, i mobile. | quid under most environmental conditions., If it t will adsorb to soil particles and will not be loats on water. |
| Other adverse effects | | |
| No data available <u>Product:</u> | | |
| Additional ecological information | ozone creat is a mixture released to conditions o Poorly solut organisms. Mineral oil o | tive ozone depletion potential, photochemical ion potential or global warming potential., Product of non-volatile components, which will not be air in any significant quantities under normal f use. ble mixture., Causes physical fouling of aquatic loes not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic at concentrations less than 1 mg/l. |

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONS | IDERATIONS | |
| Disposal methods | | |
| Waste from residues | toxicity and phy determine the p methods in con Waste product ground water, o Do not dispose courses. Do not dispose drain into the g contamination. Waste arising f disposed of in a preferably to a | sibility of the waste generator to determine the vsical properties of the material generated to proper waste classification and disposal appliance with applicable regulations. should not be allowed to contaminate soil or or be disposed of into the environment. into the environment, in drains or in water of tank water bottoms by allowing them to round. This will result in soil and groundwater rom a spillage or tank cleaning should be accordance with prevailing regulations, recognised collector or contractor. The the collector or contractor should be |
| | Pollution from S | International Convention for the Prevention of Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides ts at controlling pollutions from ships. |
| Contaminated packaging | to a recognized the collector or Disposal should | ordance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations. |
| Local legislation Remarks | | d be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations. |

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

ADG Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Shell Alexia 100

| Version 1.6 | Revision Date 17.03.2025 | Print Date 18.03.2025 | |
|---|--------------------------|---|--|
| MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea. | | | |
| Special precautions for | or user | | |
| Remarks | for special precau | ons: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, utions which a user needs to be aware of or with in connection with transport. | |

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Therapeutic Goods (Poisons : No poison schedule number allocated Standard) Instrument

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared as per national model code of practice for preparation of safety data sheet for Hazardous chemicals 2020 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 7.

National Model Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (2011).

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

| TSCA | : | All components listed. |
|------|---|------------------------|
| AIIC | : | Listed introduction |

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. | |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. | |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child. | |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. | |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| H413 | May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. | |
| Full text of other abbreviations | | |
| Aquatic Acute | Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard | |
| Aquatic Chronic | Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard | |
| Asp. Tox. | Aspiration hazard | |
| Eye Dam. | Serious eye damage | |

Shell Alexia 100

Version 1.6

Repr.

Revision Date 17.03.2025 Reproductive toxicity Skin Corr. Skin corrosion

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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Further information

| Training advice | : | Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators. |
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| Other information | : | A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. |
| Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet | : | The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc). |

Shell Alexia 100

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