Shell Naturelle S2 Hydraulic Fluid 68

Version 1.4	Revision Date 13.04.2023	Print Date 14.04.2023
SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND CO	OMPANY IDENTIFICATION	
Product name	: Shell Naturelle S2 Hydraulic Fluid	68
Product code	: 00115604	
Manufacturer or supplier's	details	
Supplier	: Viva Energy Australia Pty Ltd (Formerly: The Shell Company of (ABN 46 004 610 459) 720 Bourke Street Docklands Victoria 3008 Australia	Australia)
Telephone Telefax	: +61 (0)3 8823 4444 : +61 (0)3 8823 4800	
Emergency telephone number	: 1800 651 818 (Australia). ; POISC CENTRE: 13 11 26 (Australia).	ONS INFORMATION
	chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Hydraulic fluid.	

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases.
	Response: No precautionary phrases.

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Storage: No precautionary phrases.

Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Chemical nature : Blend of polyol ester and additives

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Alkyl dithiophosphate	68413-48-9	Skin Sens.1B; H317 Aquatic Chronic4; H413	0.1 - 0.49
Amine phosphate	68603-55-4	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic3; H412	0.1 - 0.249

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin cap occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the	If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
	In case of skin contact	 water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

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In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary a are swallowed, however, get medical a	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptom of black pustules and spots on the skin Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiti	n of exposed areas.
		Local necrosis is evidenced by delaye tissue damage a few hours following in	
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure the appropriate personal protective equipre incident, injury and surroundings.	
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.	
		High pressure injection injuries require intervention and possibly steroid thera damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and seriousness of the underlying damage determine the extent of involvement m anaesthetics or hot soaks should be a can contribute to swelling, vasospasm surgical decompression, debridement foreign material should be performed anaesthetics, and wide exploration is o	do not reflect the e, surgical exploration to hay be necessary. Local voided because they and ischaemia. Prompt and evacuation of under general

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

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Version 1.4 Specific extinguishing methods	Revision Date 13.04.2023 : Use extinguishing measures that circumstances and the surroundir	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment inclu gloves are to be worn; chemical r large contact with spilled product Breathing Apparatus must be wor a confined space. Select fire fight relevant Standards (e.g. Europe:	esistant suit is indicated if is expected. Self-Contained m when approaching a fire in er's clothing approved to
Hazchem Code	: NONE	

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

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	Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.		
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Storage			
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a c place. Use properly labeled and closable cont	,
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or consteel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ntainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk	

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

vary deper controls ba Appropriat	of protection and types of controls necessary will nding upon potential exposure conditions. Select used on a risk assessment of local circumstances. e measures include: ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
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	Where material is heated, spra greater potential for airborne co	•
	General Information:	
	Define procedures for safe han controls.	ndling and maintenance of
	Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.	
	Ensure appropriate selection, t equipment used to control expo equipment, local exhaust ventil	osure, e.g. personal protective
	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.	
	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.	

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection :	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection	
Remarks :	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical

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	resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.	
	For continuous contact we recom breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we r recognize that suitable gloves off may not be available and in this o time maybe acceptable so long a and replacement regimes are foll a good predictor of glove resistan dependent on the exact composit Glove thickness should be typica depending on the glove make an	240 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same but ering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough s appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is not nee to a chemical as it is tion of the glove material. Ily greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it protective eyewear is recommend	
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily re work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemic 	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure c	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to ful relevant environmental protection contamination of the environment Section 6. If necessary, prevent being discharged to waste water. treated in a municipal or industrial before discharge to surface wate Local guidelines on emission limi must be observed for the dischar vapour.	a legislation. Avoid t by following advice given in undissolved material from Waste water should be Il waste water treatment plan r. ts for volatile substances
ECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CH	IEMICAL PROPERTIES	
Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: vellow	

Colour	: yellow
Odour	: Data not available
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable

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sion 1.4 pour point	Revision Date 13.04.2023 Print Date 14.04.20 : -39 °C / -38 °F Print Date 14.04.20
	Method: ISO 3016
Melting / freezing point	Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	: 280 °C / 536 °F Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	: Not classified as flammable but will burn.
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	: >5
Relative density	: 0.924 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)
Density	: 924 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: negligible
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 67.7 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445
	2640 mm2/s (-20 °C / -4 °F) Method: ASTM D445

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	12.3 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity Particle size	: This material is not expected to be a : Data not available	a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Exposure routes	: Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity	
Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

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	are not met.	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classificat	tion criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
Alkyl dithiophosphate	No carcinogenicity classification.	
Amine phosphate	No carcinogenicity classification.	

Reproductive toxicity

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Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
cotoxicity	

Ecotoxicity

Product:

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Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the clas	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the clas	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the clas	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available da are not met.	ta, the classification criteria
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available da are not met.	ta, the classification criteria
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available da are not met.	ta, the classification criteria
<u>Components:</u> Amine phosphate :		
M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard)	: 1	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Readily biodegradable	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components bioaccumulate.	with the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on products)	information on similar
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most env enters soil, it will adsorb to soil p mobile.	
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
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Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential., Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms. 	

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
	MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

ADG

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Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform	:	No poison schedule number allocated
Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons		

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared as per national model code of practice for preparation of safety data sheet for Hazardous chemicals 2020 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 7.

National Model Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (2011). Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

REACH	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
AIIC	:	Listed introduction

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

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H315	Causes skin irritation.					
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.					
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.					
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.					
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.					
Full text of other abbreviations						
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard					
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard					
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic	hazard				
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation					
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation					

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant: DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response: ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response: EmS - Emergency Schedule: ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration. Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Date of preparation or review : 13.04.2023

Further information

Training advice

: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

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Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin from the previous version.	n indicates an amendment
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	: The quoted data are from, but no sources of information (e.g. toxica Health Services, material supplie IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regu	ological data from Shell rs' data, CONCAWE, EU

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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